









The magnetic coupling of Earth-Ionosphere below 2m Hz

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Earth ionosphere coupling

Earth magnetic field affected by various phenomena (magnetic storms, lightning, ground motions...)

- Produce global changes on the magneto-ionospheric conditions
- Involve multi-frequency processes

Ionosphere = natural transducer for Earth signal especially for seismic waves

- Generation of vertical oscillations on Earth surface (up to 1 mm at 10000 km for M >8)
- Atmosphere/solid Earth coupling = quasi vertical acoustic wave reaching the ionosphere with amplitude growing when the density decays
- External contribution to the Earth magnetic field of weak amplitude
- ⇒ Need of a sensitive instrument located in a low noise site











LSBB: A naturally low-noise environment

- -No anthropogenic noise
- -Surrounding carbonate rock of very-low radioactivity level
- -Seismic PSD close to the NLNM minimum (Peterson)
- -Very low absolute gravity fluctuations













LSBB = Low Noise Underground Lab

- Single example of a military site conversion
- Cabin: an area designed to withstand the effects of a nuclear blast
 - Mechanical
 - Thermal
 - Radiative
 - Electromagnetic







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Laboratoire Souterrain à Bas Bruit RUSTREL Pays d'AP

Electromagnetic shield qualification





Shield = Combination 518m karstic rock + capsule

- Acts as a low pass filter under 30 Hz
- Residual noise < 3fT/√Hz above 40 Hz (intrinsic noise level of Jena SQUID's)











Effectiveness of SQUID's with the shield

Magneto-hydro-seismic effect (Gaffet et al. Géophys J. Int. 2003): magnetic response synchronous with the P seismic wave arrival at LSBB seismic station

- identified as a relative ions movement present in the water of the surrounding karstic rock
- Local effect depending on quake magnitude and azimuth and water charge





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Permanent Watch by [SQUID]²: **SQUID**'s in a Shielding **QU**alified for Ionosphere Detection

- 3 axis SQUID low T_c magnetometer
- 3 weeks of data before He refilling
- remote control
- acquisition station identical to seismic ones, GPS synchronization
- sample rate 1, 125 or 500 Hz
- permanent operating in low sensitivity: ±166 nT range,
 5 fT resolution
- punctual observation in high sensiti: ±1.66 nT, 0.05fT











Extrapolation of the capsule signal

Comparison with geomagnetic observatories

[SQUID]² signal













The magnetic background noise

- Approach equivalent to the NLNM: find the lowest level of magnetic perturbation
- [SQUID]² data confrontation vs
- EQ data base (USGS, RENASS)
- Space weather (NOAA, GFZ Quietest Days)
- November 2007, 7 to 9th = a 72h quiet period
- circadian alternation - no EQ up to M=5.5
- no space weather alert

- no seasonal variation











Magnetic amplitude spectrum

Main characteristics

- Monotone decreasing : no noise source
- EW and NS level greater than Z one = vertical contribution
- Host of peaks outside the [0.1-1 Hz] band
- Increase FFT resolution under 0.1Hz and dealing[™] with computer capacity [™]
 ⇒ Data resampling at 1 Hz













Analysis in the millihertz range

Gravest S & T Eigen modes





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Conclusions

New capability for SQUID's: 50 Earth eigen modes detected with [SQUID]² via Ionosphere/Earth coupling (54 theoretical values under 2 mHz)

- Supplement seismic experiment (T-modes presence)
- Learn of earth structure without EQ











Perspectives

Methodological developments

- Extension of the analysis beyond the 2 mHz band
- Comparison with strong EQ periods and very ionized conditions to study relative amplitude of these modes

Instrumental developments: SQUID network for

- Results validation
- Exploration of the azimuthal correlation
- [SQUID]² = reference place